LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Prepared by:

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Lee County School District Beattyville, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and TRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2024

As management of the Lee County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please consider the information presented here in conjunction with the district's financial statements which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning General Fund balance for the District July 1, 2023, was \$1,782,383. The ending General Fund balance on June 30, 2024, was \$1,871,260; a change of \$88,877. Conservative revenue projections, conservative spending and on-going monitoring and adjusting are essential in maintaining the District's financial stability. Issues that may negatively impact the district's finances in future years is discussed in this MD&A.
- SEEK funding is the largest stream of revenue for the school district. For fiscal year 2024, SEEK revenue was \$4,195,791.
- Revenue for the General Fund totaled \$8,575,515 (exclusive of inter-fund transfers) which primarily consisted of the state funding program (SEEK), property, utility and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding inter-fund transfers, General Fund expenditures totaled \$8,529,969.

OVERVIEW OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The district's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state-mandated uniform accounting system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. The proprietary funds are made up of the food service operations. The only fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary fund in the District is the food service operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Supplementary Information: The financial statements include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Lee County School District, assets plus deferred outflows exceeded liabilities by approximately \$6,707,234 as of June 30, 2024. The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

2024 District-Wide Governmental Net position compared to 2023 as follows:

Table 1 Net Position \$ (in Millions)

	Go	Governmental Activities			Bus	siness-type	Activit	ies	Totals					
	<u>20</u>	<u>123</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>124</u>	<u>20</u> 2	<u>23</u>	<u>202</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>2024</u>			
Current assets	\$	2.98	\$	3.43	\$	0.38	\$	0.23	\$	3.36	\$	3.66		
Non-current assets		12.76		14.55		0.10		0.09		12.86		14.64		
Total assets		15.74		17.98		0.48		0.32		16.22		18.30		
Deferred outflows		3.21		2.41		0.09		0.07		3.30		2.48		
Current liabilities		1.43		1.34		=		=		1.43		1.34		
Non-current liabilities		11.47		9.24		0.23		0.15		11.70		9.39		
Total liabilities		12.90		10.58		0.23		0.15		13.13		10.73		
Deferred inflows		1.93		3.23		0.04		0.10		1.97		3.33		
Net position:														
Invested in capital assets, net of														
debt		8.01		9.54		0.10		0.09		8.11		9.63		
Restricted		0.34		0.79		0.20		0.05		0.54		0.84		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(4.22)		(3.76)						(4.22)		(3.76)		
Total net position	\$	4.13	\$	6.57	\$	0.30	\$	0.14	\$	4.43	\$	6.71		

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Ending net position was \$6.71 million for the District. This was an increase of \$2.28 million from 2023.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(in millions)

													Total
		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023		2024	2023-2024
Revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	0.30	\$	0.26	\$	0.02	\$	0.02	\$	0.32	\$	0.28	-13%
Operating grants and contributions		7.85		7.43		0.90		0.81		8.75		8.24	-6%
Capital grants and contributions		0.42		0.41		-		_		0.42		0.41	-2%
General revenues		6.97		6.60		(0.23)		(0.04)		6.74		6.56	-3%
Total revenue		15.54		14.70		0.69		0.79		16.23		15.49	-5%
Expenses:													
Instruction	\$	6.67	\$	6.24	\$	_	\$	-	\$	6.67	\$	6.24	-6%
Student		0.76		0.71		_		-		0.76		0.71	-7%
Instructional staff		0.57		0.62		-		-		0.57		0.62	9%
District administration		0.61		0.56		_		-		0.61		0.56	-8%
School administration		0.70		0.63		_		-		0.70		0.63	-10%
Business		0.55		0.51		_		-		0.55		0.51	-7%
Plant operation & maintenance		1.00		1.32		-		-		1.00		1.32	32%
Student transportation		0.67		0.75		-		-		0.67		0.75	12%
Community services operations		0.25		0.23		-		_		0.25		0.23	-8%
Food service operations		-		-		0.79		0.94		0.79		0.94	19%
Depreciation/amortization		0.47		0.50		0.02		-		0.49		0.50	2%
Interest on long-term debt		0.17		0.19		-		0.01		0.17		0.20	18%
Total expenses	\$	12.42	\$	12.26	\$	0.81	\$	0.95	\$	13.23	\$	13.21	0%
Change in net position	\$	3.12	\$	2.44	\$	(0.12)	\$	(0.16)	\$	3.00	\$	2.28	-24%
Change in flet position	Ψ	0.12	Ψ	4.77	Ψ	(0.12)	Ψ	(0.10)	Ψ	0.00	Ψ	2.20	-24 /0

Governmental Activities

The majority of revenue was derived from state and federal funding and local taxes. Instruction expenses comprise 51% of the governmental program expenses.

Business-Type Activities

The only business-type activity in the district is the School Food Service Program. The SFS program had total revenues of \$839,873. Of these revenues, \$23,517 was charges for services, \$808,896 was from State and Federal grants with \$7,460 from interest income. The Food Service Program receives no support from tax revenues. The District's program operates successfully under the Community Eligibility Provision which allows schools and local educational agencies with high poverty rates to provide free breakfast and lunch to all students.

General Fund Budget

The district's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and accounts for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund budgeted is the General Fund. The budget is prepared as a zero-based budget as required by the Kentucky Department of Education with a minimum of a 2% contingency expense.

Capital Assets

The District ended the fiscal year 2024 with \$14,566,650 in net capital assets (Net of Depreciation), including land, buildings, buses, computers and other equipment. This amount represents an increase (including additions and deductions) of \$1,706,462 from last year.

Capital Assets at Year-End \$ (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmenta	al Ac	tivities	Вι	ısiness-type	Acti	vities	Totals						
-	2023		2024	2	2023	2	2024		2023		2024			
Land	\$ 183,410	\$	183,410	\$	_	\$	-	\$	183,410	\$	183,410			
Land Improvements	21,776		20,816		-		-		21,776		20,816			
Buildings	7,873,650		7,986,561		-		-		7,873,650		7,986,561			
Technology Equipment	354,125		351,625		(4,714)		(4,714)		349,411		346,911			
Vehicles	663,026		781,586		11,479		5,740		674,505		787,326			
General Equipment	128,090		181,020		97,697		90,271		225,786		271,291			
Construction in Progress	3,531,650		4,970,335		-		-		3,531,650		4,970,335			
Totals	\$ 12,755,726	\$	14,475,353	\$	104,462	\$	91,297	\$	12,860,188	\$	14,566,650			

DEBT

Finance purchase obligations and general obligation debt decreased \$151,772 from FY 2023.

Table 4 Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	Government Activities									
		2023		2024						
General Obligation Bonds	\$	4,285,858	\$	4,553,686						
Finance Purchased Obligations		463,080		385,532						
KSBIT Obligations		78,263		39,755						
Total Obligations	\$	4,827,201	\$	4,978,973						

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The General Fund ended the fiscal year with a fund balance of \$1,871,260, an increase of \$88,877 from prior year's fund balance.

A portion of the General Fund balance is reserved for prior year encumbrances, site-based council allocations carried forward from the prior year and sick leave payable. The unreserved portion of the fund balance at the end of fiscal year 2024 is \$1,849,278 compared to \$1,765,003 the preceding year.

	Fund	Fund			Fund	Fund	Fund		
REVENUES	1	2		310	320	360	400		51
Local Revenue Sources	\$ 2,112,461	\$ 26,473	\$	-	\$ 186,803	\$ -	\$	\$	23,517
State Revenue Sources	6,290,515	526,405		81,403	226,723	5,353	98,273		56,512
Federal Revenue Sources	172,539	4,304,293		-	-	-			752,384
Other	7,100			-	-	649,963	-		7,460
Transfers	52,527	16,296		-	-	1,550,293	393,544		-
TOTALS	\$ 8,635,142	\$ 4,873,467	\$	81,403	\$ 413,526	\$ 2,205,609	\$ 491,817	\$	839,873
	Fund	Fund]	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund		Fund
EXPENDITURES	1	2		310	320	360	400		51
Instruction	\$ 3,881,051	\$ 2,148,860	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Student Support Services	701,580	7,154		-	-	-	-		-
Instructional Staff Support Services	395,693	209,774		,	_	-			_
District Admin Support	564,691	_		-	-	-	_		_
School Admin Support	629,169	-		-	-	-	_		-
Business Support Services	489,251	20,538		-	-	-	_		-
Plant Operation & Management	999,885	383,895		-	-	-	-		-
Student Transportation	712,031	288,030		-	-	-	-		-
Food Service Operations	698	1		-	-	ı	1		935,791
Day Care Operations	-			-	-	-			-
Community Services	28,824	201,056		-	-	-	-		-
Land Improvements	-	-		-	-	ı	•		-
Depreciation	-	-		-	-	ı	•		13,164
Building Improvements	-	-		-	-	1,897,727	-		-
Debt Service	127,096	1		-	-	15,200	491,817		-
Other	-			-	-	-			-
Transfers	16,296	1,614,160			329,677		-		52,527
TOTALS	\$ 8,546,265	\$ 4,873,467	\$	-	\$ 329,677	\$ 1,912,927	\$ 491,817	\$	1,001,482
Excess / (Deficit)	88,877	-		81,403	83,849	292,682	-		(161,609)

COMMENTS ON BUDGET COMPARISONS

- The District's total general fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, excluding interfund transfers, finance purchase obligations and sale of land /equipment was \$8,575,515.
- Excluding on-behalf payments and sale of land /equipment, general fund budget compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item, with the ending actual revenue being \$195,704 more than budgeted.
- General fund budget expenditures to actual varied line item to line item with the actual expenditures being \$1,662,344 less than budgeted.

FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

By law, the district's budget must have a minimum 2.0% contingency. The District adopted a working budget for 2023-2024 with a 8% contingency.

Issues which are anticipated to impact future budgets include:

- The state pension crisis in Kentucky has the potential to critically impact future budgets in a negative manner. Cost—sharing proposals could substantially increase the board's contribution to retirement plans.
- The district utilizes several federal grants to pay personnel. Any significant budget cuts to these grants in the future which will significantly increase general fund expenditures in the upcoming years.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Finance Officer, Tina Lucas or Superintendent, Ray Shuler, at (606) 464-5000 or by mail at Lee County Board of Education, P.O. Box 668, Beattyville, Kentucky 41311.

	_		Pri	mary Government	:	
	_	Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net)	\$	2,733,395 693,536	\$	215,135	\$	2,948,530 693,536
Inventories				12,797		12,797
Funded OPEB asset		74,066		3,267		77,333
Capital assets:		5 450 740				5 450 740
Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation		5,153,746 9,321,607		91,297		5,153,746 9,412,904
Total capital assets	_	14,475,353	-	91,297	_	14,566,650
Total assets	_	17,976,350	-	322,496		18,298,846
	_	•	_	<u> </u>		· · · · ·
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,009,276		44,514		1,053,790
Deferred outflows related to OPEB CERS		473,931		20,903		494,834
Deferred outflows related to OPEB TRS		873,969				873,969
Deferred savings from refunding bonds	_	54,137			_	54,137
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	2,411,313		65,417	-	2,476,730
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	20,387,663	: =	387,913	_	20,775,576
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		34,487				34,487
Accrued interest payable		57,621				57,621
Accrued salaries & benefit payable		41,653				41,653
Unearned revenue		687,383				687,383
Long-term liabilities:		007,300				007,300
Due within 1 year:						
Bond obligations		414,000				414,000
Finance purchased obligations		68,206				68,206
KSBIT payable		39,755				39,755
Total due within 1 year	_	521,961	-	_	_	521,961
Due in more than 1 year:	_	,	-		_	5=1,001
Bond obligations		4,139,686				4,139,686
Finance purchased obligations		317,326				317,326
Net pension liability		3,442,260		151,819		3,594,079
Net OPEB liability TRS		1,257,000		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1,257,000
Sick leave		83,037				83,037
Total due in more than 1 year		9,239,309	_	151,819		9,391,128
Total liabilities	_	10,582,414	. –	151,819		10,734,233
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		067 400		20.057		005 662
Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB CERS		867,406		38,257 60,509		905,663
Deferred inflows related to OPEB CERS Deferred inflows related to OPEB TRS		1,371,937 996,000		60,509		1,432,446 996,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	3,235,343	-	98,766	_	3,334,109
Total deferred lifllows of resources	_	3,233,343	-	90,700		3,334,109
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in capital assets		9,536,135		91,297		9,627,432
Restricted for:						
Capital projects		588,278				588,278
District activities		14,563				14,563
Student activities		189,307				189,307
Food services				46,031		46,031
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(3,758,377)				(3,758,377)
Total net position		6,569,906	. =	137,328		6,707,234
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$_	20,387,663	\$_	387,913	\$	20,775,576
			_			

			Program Revenues							Net (Expense) Re	even	ue and Changes	s in N	let Position		
										Primary Government						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities		Total		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:																
Governmental activities: Instruction	\$	6,239,984	\$	_	\$	4,027,373	\$	_	\$	(2,212,611)	\$	_ :	\$	(2,212,611)		
Support services	Ψ	0,200,001	Ψ		Ψ	1,021,010	Ψ		Ψ	(2,212,011)	Ψ		Ψ	(2,212,011)		
Student		708,734		258,939		453,216				3,421				3,421		
Instructional staff		619,056				395,869				(223, 187)				(223, 187)		
District administration		564,691				361,104				(203,587)				(203,587)		
School administration		629,169				402,336				(226,833)				(226,833)		
Business		509,789				325,996				(183,793)				(183,793)		
Plant operation & maintenance		1,316,570		7,100		841,910		308,126		(159,434)				(159,434)		
Student transportation		746,326				477,255				(269,071)				(269,071)		
Community services operations		229,880				147,002				(82,878)				(82,878)		
Food service operations		698				446				(252)				(252)		
Interest on long-term debt		192,031						98,273		(93,758)				(93,758)		
Depreciation*		501,469								(501,469)				(501,469)		
Total governmental activities	_	12,258,397	-	266,039		7,432,508	-	406,399	-	(4,153,451)			_	(4,153,451)		
Business-type activities:																
Food service operations		935,791		23,517		808,896						(103,378)		(103,378)		
Depreciation*		13,164	_				_		_			(13,164)		(13,164)		
Total business-type activities		948,955	-	23,517		808,896			-	-	_	(116,542)		(116,542)		
Total primary government	\$	13,207,352	\$	289,556	\$	8,241,404	\$	406,399	-	(4,153,451)	_	(116,542)	_	(4,269,993)		
	General revenu	ies:														
	Taxes:															
	Property									1,495,811				1,495,811		
	Oil taxes									38,863				38,863		
		hicle taxes								268,596				268,596		
	Uitility ta:									367,670				367,670		
	Revenue in I									9,714				9,714		
	State and for	•								4,195,791				4,195,791		
		investment ear	nings							68,630		7,460		76,090		
	Other local									99,464				99,464		
	Transfers								_	52,527	_	(52,527)		-		
	Total gen	eral revenues a	nd tra	ansfers					-	6,597,066	_	(45,067)	-	6,551,999		
	Change in n	et position								2,443,615		(161,609)		2,282,006		
	Net Position - b	eginning							-	4,126,291	_	298,937		4,425,228		
	Net Position - e	ending							\$	6,569,906	\$ _	137,328	\$	6,707,234		

^{*}Unallocated depreciation that excludes depreciation which is included in the direct expenses of various programs, if any.

Lee County School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

Governmental Funds

		General		Special Revenue	· -	Construction		Debt Service	•	Other Governmental Funds		Total
ASSETS					_		_				_	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	1,675,495	\$	266,041	\$	305,800	\$	-	\$	486,059	\$	2,733,395
Interfund		180,039										180,039
Taxes		58,730										58,730
Accounts										289		289
Intergovernmental-federal				634,517					•			634,517
Total assets	_	1,914,264	: =	900,558	:	305,800	: :			486,348	_	3,606,970
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable		1,351		33,136								34,487
Accrued salaries & benefits payable		41,653										41,653
Interfund payable				180,039								180,039
Unearned revenue				687,383					•			687,383
Total liabilities		43,004	-	900,558		-		-	•			943,562
FUND BALANCE												
Restricted						305,800				306,838		612,638
Committed										179,510		179,510
Assigned		21,982										21,982
Unassigned		1,849,278							•			1,849,278
Total fund balance		1,871,260	. –	-		305,800			•	486,348		2,663,408
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	1,914,264	\$	900,558	\$	305,800	\$		\$	486,348	\$	3,606,970

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Lee County School District

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Fund balance-total governmental funds	\$	2,663,408
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.		14,475,353
Costs associated with bond issues and refundings are expensed in the fund financial statements because they are a use of current financial resources but are capitalized on the statement of net position using the economic resources focus		54,137
Certain assets (OPEB asset) are not receivable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.		74,066
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations) are not due and payble in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Accrued interest payable Bonds payable Finance purchased obligations KSBIT payable Sick leave liability Net pension liability Net OPEB liability		(57,621) (4,553,686) (385,532) (39,755) (83,037) (3,442,260) (1,257,000)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB	_	1,009,276 1,347,900 (867,406) (2,367,937)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	6,569,906

Lee County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2024

	_	General	Special Revenue	Construction	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES From local sources							
Taxes							
Property	\$	1,309,008 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	186,803 \$	1,495,811
Oil	Ψ	38,863	- ψ	- ψ	- ψ	100,005 φ	38,863
Motor vehicle		268.596					268.596
Utilities		367,670					367,670
Revenue in lieu of taxes		9,714					9,714
Student activities		3,7 14	1.265			257.674	258.939
Other local revenue		61,498	23,483			14,483	99,464
Earnings on investments		57,112	1,725	5,353		4,440	68,630
Intergovernmental - state		6,290,515	526,405	0,000	98,273	308,126	7,223,319
Intergovernmental - state Intergovernmental - federal		172,539	4,304,293		90,273	300,120	4,476,832
Total revenues	_	8,575,515	4,857,171	5,353	98,273	771,526	14,307,838
Total Tevenues	_	0,070,010	4,007,171	<u> </u>	30,213	771,020	14,507,000
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		3,881,051	2,148,860			247,395	6,277,306
Support services		-,,	_,,			,,,,,,,	-,,
Student		701,580	7,154				708,734
Instructional staff		395,693	209,774			13,589	619,056
District administration		564,691				,	564,691
School administration		629,169					629,169
Business		489,251	20,538				509,789
Plant operation & maintenance		999,885	383,895			140	1,383,920
Student transportation		712,031	288,030			2,285	1,002,346
Food service operation		698				_,	698
Community services operations		28,824	201,056				229,880
Building improvements		,		1,897,727			1,897,727
Debt service		127,096		15,200	491,817		634,113
Total expenditures		8,529,969	3,259,307	1,912,927	491.817	263,409	14,457,429
'				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		45,546	1,597,864	(1,907,574)	(393,544)	508,117	(149,591)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of equipment		7,100					7,100
Bond principal proceeds		7,100		645,000			645,000
Bond premium				4,963			4,963
Operating transfers in		52,527	16,296	1,550,293	393,544	4,374	2,017,034
Operating transfers (out)		(16,296)	(1,614,160)	1,000,200	000,044	(334,051)	(1,964,507)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	43,331	(1,597,864)	2,200,256	393,544	(329,677)	709,590
Total other interioring sources and (ases)	_	40,001	(1,001,004)	2,200,200	000,044	(020,011)	700,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		88,877	-	292,682	-	178,440	559,999
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	1,782,383	<u>-</u>	13,118		307,908	2,103,409
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	1,871,260 \$	\$	305,800 \$	\$	486,348 \$	2,663,408

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Lee County School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balance-total governmental funds	\$ 559,999
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report district OPEB and pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of the benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense or revenue.	264,348
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays	
exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	1,719,628
The difference in the issue amount of the refunding of bond proceeds and the amount for payment to the escrow account to pay the refunded bonds is amortized over the life of the refunding issue.	(8,916)
Bond and finance purchase payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	(183,452)
Bond discount/premium are a other financing use/expenditure in the fund financial	, , ,
statements, but are a netted against the bond liability and amortized over the life of the	
bond in the government wide financial statements.	(6,828)
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	
Accrued interest payable	(8,685)
KSBIT payable Noncurrent sick leave payable	38,508 69,013
Noticulter Sick leave payable	 09,013
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,443,615

Lee County School District

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year ended June 30, 2024

		Budget	ted A	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
		Original		Final	_	Actual		(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES									
From local sources									
Taxes									
Property	\$	1,182,000	\$	1,182,000	\$	1,309,008	\$	127,008	
Oil		20,000		20,000		38,863		18,863	
Motor vehicle		225,000		225,000		268,596		43,596	
Utilities		320,000		320,000		367,670		47,670	
Revenue in lieu of taxes		5,000		5,000		9,714		4,714	
Other local revenue						61,498		61,498	
Earnings on investments		35,000		35,000		57,112		22,112	
Intergovernmental - state		6,492,811		6,492,811		6,290,515		(202,296)	
Intergovernmental - federal		100,000		100,000	_	172,539		72,539	
Total revenues	_	8,379,811		8,379,811	_	8,575,515		195,704	
EXPENDITURES									
Instruction		4,589,815		4,589,815		3,881,051		708,764	
Support services									
Student		669,609		669,609		701,580		(31,971)	
Instructional staff		391,036		391,036		395,693		(4,657)	
District administration		1,581,889		1,581,889		564,691		1,017,198	
School administration		512,186		512,186		629,169		(116,983)	
Business		432,691		432,691		489,251		(56,560)	
Plant operation & maintenance		1,036,490		1,036,490		999,885		36,605	
Student transportation		844,001		844,001		712,031		131,970	
Food service operation						698		(698)	
Community services operations		7,500		7,500		28,824		(21,324)	
Debt service		127,096		127,096	_	127,096			
Total expenditures	-	10,192,313		10,192,313	-	8,529,969	į.	1,662,344	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,812,502)		(1,812,502)		45,546		1,858,048	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Sale of equipment						7,100		7,100	
Operating transfers in		50,000		50,000		52,527		2,527	
Operating transfers (out)	_	(18,000)		(18,000)	_	(16,296)		1,704	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	32,000		32,000	_	43,331		11,331	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,780,502)		(1,780,502)		88,877		1,869,379	
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING		1,781,502		1,781,502	_	1,782,383		881	
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	1,000	\$	1,000	\$ _	1,871,260	\$	1,870,260	

Lee County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund Year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	_	Original		Final	Actual	_	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
From local sources							
Other local revenue	\$	(4,234)	\$	(4,234) \$	23,483	\$	27,717
Student activities	•	(-,=,	•	(.,=)	1,265	*	1,265
Earnings on investments					1.725		1,725
Intergovernmental - state		498.015		518,291	526,405		8,114
Intergovernmental - federal		1,196,068		1,303,418	4,304,293		3,000,875
Total revenues	_	1,689,849		1,817,475	4,857,171		3,039,696
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		1,235,711		1,339,512	2,148,860		(809,348)
Support services							,
Student		50,697		51,395	7,154		44,241
Instructional staff		94,329		188,957	209,774		(20,817)
Business		36,000		36,000	20,538		15,462
Plant operation & maintenance		13,560		8,000	383,895		(375,895)
Student transportation					288,030		(288,030)
Community services operations		217,431		150,965	201,056		(50,091)
Total expenditures		1,647,728		1,774,829	3,259,307		(1,484,478)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		42,121		42,646	1,597,864		1,555,218
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in		70,426		18,000	16,296		(1,704)
Operating transfers out		(112,547)		(60,122)	(1,614,160)		(1,554,038)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	(42,121)		(42,122)	(1,597,864)		(1,555,742)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		524	-		(524)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_					-	
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$		\$	524 \$	s	\$	(524)

Lee County School District Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2024

		School Food Services
ASSETS	_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	215,135
Inventories		12,797
Funded OPEB asset		3,267
Capital assets:		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		91,297
Total assets	_	322,496
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		44,514
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		20,903
Total deferred outflows of resources		65,417
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	387,913
LIABILITIES		
Net pension liability		151,819
Total liabilities	_	151,819
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pension		38,257
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		60,509
Total deferred inflows of resources		98,766
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		250,585
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		91,297
Restricted		46,031
Total net position	_	137,328
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	387,913

Lee County School District

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2024

	_	School Food Services
OPERATING REVENUES		
Lunchroom sales	\$	23,517
Total operating revenues	_	23,517
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Depreciation		13,164
Food service operations		
Salaries and benefits		290,720
Operational		645,071
Total operating expenses	_	948,955
Operating income (loss)		(925,438)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Federal grants		752,384
State grants		56,512
Transfers (Out)		(52,527)
Earnings from investments		7,460
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	763,829
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(161,609)
NET POSITION-BEGINNING	_	298,937
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	137,328

Lee County School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2024

		School Food
		Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	23,517
Payments to suppliers		(635,267)
Payments to employees	<u> </u>	(290,720)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	(902,470)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfer for indirect cost for administrative costs		(52,527)
Operating grants and contributions		808,896
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	_	756,369
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest		7,461
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		7,461
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(138,640)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-BEGINNING		353,775
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-ENDING	\$	215,135
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(925,438)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		13,164
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(0.007)
Funded OPEB asset Outflow Deferrals		(3,267)
Inflow Deferrals		23,989 50,093
Net pension liability		(28,733)
Net OPEB liability		(49,282)
Inventories		17,004
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(902,470)
		, ,

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the district received \$25,087 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits in the amount of \$48,701 provided by state government.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Lee County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Lee County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100-Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies, which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Lee County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Blended Component Unit

Lee County Board Of Education Finance Corporation

The Board authorized establishment of the Lee County Board Of Education Finance Corporation a non-stock, non-profit corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Corporation") to act as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be the same persons who are at any time the members of the Board of Education of the Lee County Board of Education.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segments or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

(A) General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is always a major fund of the District.

(B) Special Revenue (Grant) Fund

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that is legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District by request of the Kentucky Department of Education.

(C) Special Revenue (District Activity) Fund

The Special Revenue (District Activity) Fund accounts for funds collected at individual schools for operation costs of the schools or school district that allows for more flexibility in the expenditures of those funds.

(D) Special Revenue (Student Activity) Fund

Special Revenue (Student Activity) Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts.

(E) Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).

SEEK Capital Outlay Fund

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects as identified in the District's facility plan.

Building (FSPK) Fund

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy that is required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling. This is a major fund of the District.

(F) Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture

(USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund of the district.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis, on a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal period are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the government funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide financial statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the district are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

Right-of-Use Assets, Finance Purchases, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The District records right-of-use and finance purchase assets in accordance with GASB 87 and subscription based information technology arrangement assets in accordance with GASB 96. These assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments

made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into service. The assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgment, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five categories as defined by GASB 54 as follows:

Non-spendable Permanently non-spendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or funds

that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses or inventory on hand.

Restricted Legally restricted under legislation, bond authority, or grantor contract.

Committed Commitments of future funds for specific purposes passed by the Board.

Assigned Funds that are intended by management to be used for a specific purpose, including

encumbrances.

Unassigned Funds available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the General

Fund unless a fund has a deficit.

The Board has adopted a GASB 54 spending policy which states that the spending order of funds is to first use restricted funds, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

Net Position

The statement of net position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets net of related debt – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets; 2) restricted net position – resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District; 3) unrestricted net position – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or invested in capital assets. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted net position and then unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2023, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.492 per \$100 valuation of real property, \$.492 per \$100 valuation for tangible personal property and \$.523 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The amounts of such services and donated commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Interfund Transfers

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows – contributions to the CERS's pension and OPEB plans after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.

<u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), and the County Retirement System of Kentucky (CERS), and additions to/deductions from TRS's/CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-

earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Bond and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

The District prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as used to prepare the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds. Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Per Board policy, all amendments require Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The Kentucky Department of Education does not require the Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds to prepare budgets.

Special Revenue Fund Expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$1,484,478.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 100- In June, 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The Statement is effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

There is no effect on current year financial statements for newly adopted accounting pronouncements.

Effective in Future Years:

The District is currently evaluating the potential impact of the following issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards:

GASB Statement No. 101- In June, 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 102- In December, 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Certain Risk Disclosures. The objectives of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information that currently is not often provided. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024, and reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 103- In April in 2024, GASB issued Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements. The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and reporting periods thereafter.

NOTE B - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end the District's bank balances and certificates of deposit were fully collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$2,948,530. The bank balance for the same time was \$3,486,090.

The School Activity Fund has a \$10,000 non-negotiable certificate of deposit at June 30, 2024. Non-negotiable certificate of deposits are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK/Building) Fund, Special Revenue (Grant Fund), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Fund, and School Activity Fund.

NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Governmental Activities		July 1, 2023		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2024
Land	\$	183,410	\$	-	\$	-	\$	183,410
Land improvements		513,770		-		-		513,770
Buildings		18,878,623		459,042		-		19,337,665
Technology equipment		1,541,272		-		-		1,541,272
Vehicles		1,957,795		256,020		-		2,213,815
General equipment		473,726		67,350		450.040		541,076
Construction in progress		3,531,650		1,897,727		459,042		4,970,335
Total at historical cost	\$ =	27,080,246	\$ _	2,680,138	\$	459,042	\$	29,301,343
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements		491,994		960		-		492,954
Buildings		11,004,973		346,131		-		11,351,104
Technology equipment		1,187,147		2,499		-		1,189,647
Vehicles		1,294,769		137,460		-		1,432,229
General equipment		345,637		14,419		-		360,056
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	14,324,520	\$	501,470	\$	-	\$	14,825,990
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets-net	\$	12,755,726	\$	2,178,669	\$	459,042	\$	14,475,353
Business-Type Activities		July 1, 2023		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2024
Technology equipment	\$	9,892	\$		\$		\$	9,892
Vehicles	•	28,698	,	_	•	_	•	28,698
General equipment		481,503		-		-		481,503
Total at historical cost	\$	520,093	\$	-	\$	-	\$	520,093
Less: Accumulated depreciation		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•					
Technology equipment	\$	14,606	\$	_	\$	_	\$	14,606
Vehicles	Ψ	17,219	Ψ	5.740	Ψ	_	Ψ	22,958
General equipment		383,806		7,425		_		391,232
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	415,631	\$	13,165	\$	-	\$	428,796
Description of Towns Authorities	=		=		•		-	
Business-Type Activities	Φ.	404 400	Φ.	(40.405)	Φ		Φ	04.007
Capital Assets-net	\$ _	104,462	\$ _	(13,165)	\$_	-	\$_	91,297

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as "unallocated".

NOTE D - LONG TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Bonds

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bonded debt and lease obligations represent the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Lee County School District Finance Corporation.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes), Building (FSPK) Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Lee County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The bonds payable are collateralized by education facilities constructed by the District with bond proceeds. Bondholders are protected against default by a mechanism whereby the Commonwealth of Kentucky would withhold state SEEK payments and remit required debt service payments directly to the debt service paying agent. All bonds are subject to federal arbitrage regulations.

The original amount of outstanding issues, the issue dates, interest rates, maturity dates, and outstanding balances, at June 30, 2024, are summarized below:

					2023						2024
	Original	Maturity	Interest	Οι	utstanding					Οu	tstanding
Bond Issue	Amount	Date	Rates		Balance	Α	dditions	Re	tirements		Balance
Issue of 2015 QZAB	\$ 500,000	2/1/2030	.35%		403,000		-		54,000		349,000
Issue of 2015	2,350,000	2/1/2035	2.0-3.5%		2,085,000		-		80,000		2,005,000
Issue of 2016R	1,835,000	8/1/2028	2%		945,000		-		170,000		775,000
Issue of 2020R	975,000	8/1/2030	2.25-2.5%		875,000		-		80,000		795,000
Issue of 2024	645,000	2/1/2044	4% _		-		645,000		-		645,000
	\$ 6,305,000				4,308,000		645,000		384,000		4,569,000
Add:	Premium				10,750		4,963		(2,398)		13,315
Less:	Discount		. <u>-</u>		(32,892)		-		4,263		(28,629)
Totals			_	\$	4,285,858	\$	649,963	\$	385,865	\$	4,553,686

The table following sets forth the amount to be paid by the District for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2024, for debt service, (principal and interest) are as follows:

Fiscal									
Year Ended		<u>Prii</u>	ncipal		<u>lr</u>	<u>iterest</u>		Principal	Interest
<u>30-Jun</u>	Loc	<u>al</u>		KSFCC	Local		KSFCC	<u>Total</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 316	6,546	\$	97,454	\$ 85,323	\$	42,782	\$ 414,000	\$ 128,104
2026	327	7,755		101,245	79,493		38,989	429,000	118,483
2027	335	5,837		104,163	72,740		36,072	440,000	108,812
2028	337	7,831		107,169	65,917		33,066	445,000	98,982
2029	313	3,949		91,051	59,812		30,159	405,000	89,971
2030-2034	1,366	6,438		369,562	188,886		110,720	1,736,000	299,606
2035-2039	297	7,620		192,380	17,197		57,628	490,000	74,825
2040-2044	23	3,190		186,810	2,797		23,003	210,000	25,800
	\$ 3,319	9,166	\$	1,249,834	\$ 572,164	\$	372,419	\$ 4,569,000	\$ 944,583

Finance Purchases

Figaal

The following is an analysis of the financed property under financed purchases by class:

					2023						2024
	Original	Maturity	Interest	0	outstanding					0	utstanding
KISTA Issue	Amount	Date	Rates		Balance	Add	itions	Ref	tirements		Balance
Issue of 2014	\$ 89,830	1/3/2024	2.0 - 3.0%	\$	8,381	\$	-	\$	8,381	\$	-
Issue of 2015	101,780	1/3/2025	1.0-2.625%		18,647		-		9,207		9,440
Issue of 2017	45,395	1/3/2027	2.55%		17,998		-		4,705		13,293
Issue of 2020	223,487	1/3/2030	2.00%		153,869		-		21,886		131,983
Issue of 2021	230,028	1/3/2031	1.25% - 1.50%		179,026		-		22,518		156,508
Issue of 2022	\$ 95,969	1/3/3032	3.00%		85,159		-		10,851		74,308
Totals				\$	463,080	\$	_	\$	77,548	\$	385,532

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum payments under finance purchases together with the present value of the net minimum payments as of June 30, 2024:

Fiscal				
Year Ended	Pri	ncipal	Interest	
<u>30-Jun</u>		Local	<u>Local</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$	68,206	\$ 7,511	\$ 75,717
2026		59,180	6,143	65,323
2027		60,302	5,017	65,319
2028		57,071	3,868	60,939
2029		53,914	2,807	56,721
2030-2032		86,859	 2,861	 89,720
	\$	385,532	\$ 28,207	\$ 413,739
Less	minimum pays: Amount re	presenting interest	\$ 413,739 (28,207)	
	ments	ot minimum	\$ <u>385,532</u>	

In order to secure the payment of all of the Board's obligations under a KISTA Lease, the Board grants to KISTA a security interest constituting a first lien on the Equipment and on all additions, attachments, accessories, and substitutions thereto, and on all proceeds therefrom. In the Event of Default, title to the Equipment shall immediately vest in KISTA, and the Board will immediately surrender possession of the Equipment to KISTA or to KISTA's order; by the execution of this Lease the Board agrees upon demand

by KISTA or the Second Trustee, and without order of court, to execute a bill of sale or such other instrument as may be required in favor of KISTA or the Second Trustee in order to permit liquidation of the equipment in an Event of Default by the Board.

Accumulated Sick Leave

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The activity during fiscal year for accumulated sick leave is as follows:

2023 Outstandi <u>Balance</u>	•	Additions		Retirem	ents_	2024 Outstandi <u>Balance</u>	•
\$	152 051	\$	_	\$	69 N14	\$	83 037

KSBIT

The District elected to finance the worker's compensation insurance deficit (KSBIT) with the now defunct Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust through the Kentucky Inter-local School Transportation Association (KISTA). The activity during fiscal year 2024 for the worker's compensation and property and liability deficit are as follows:

KSBIT	Original Amount	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	K	2023 (ISTA standing	<u> Ad</u>	ditions	Ret	<u>irements</u>	2024 KISTA Outstanding
KSBIT	\$ 346,989	8/1/2024	2.0 - 3.25%	\$	78,263	\$	_	\$	38,508	\$39,755

The minimum payments are as follows:

Fiscal			
Year Ended	Local		Total
June 30th	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Payments</u>
2025	\$ 39,755	\$ 646	\$ 40,401

Net Pension & OPEB Liability

The net pension liability is \$3,442,260 for governmental activities and \$151,819 for business-type activities for a total of \$3,594,079 as of June 30, 2024 (See Note E for additional information). The net OPEB liability is \$1,257,000 for governmental activities and \$0 for business-type activities for a total of \$1,257,000 as of June 30, 2024 (See Note F for additional information).

A summary of activity in bond obligations and other debts is as follows:

Description	_	2023 Outstanding Balance	Additions	_	Retirements	2024 Outstanding Balance	Current
Bonds, net of premium and discount	\$	4,285,858	\$ 649,963	\$	385,865	\$ 4,553,686	\$ 414,000
Finance purchases		463,080	-		77,548	385,532	68,206
Sick leave		152,051	-		69,014	83,037	-
KSBIT		78,263	-		38,508	39,755	39,755
Net pension liability		4,241,335	-		647,256	3,594,079	-
Net OPEB liability		2,983,683	_		1,726,683	1,257,000	-
Total	\$	12,204,270	\$ 649,963	\$	2,944,874	\$ 9,913,089	\$ 521,961

NOTE E – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification.

Teachers Retirement System Kentucky (TRS)

Retirement Annuity Trust

Plan description

Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

Benefits provisions

For Members before July 1, 2008: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 55 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Non-university members receive monthly payments equal to 2% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Non-university

members who became members on or after July 1, 2002, will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than 10 years. New members after July 1, 2002, who retire with 10 or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first 10 years. In addition, non-university members who retire July 1, 2004, and later with more than 30 years of service will have a multiplier for all years over 30 of 3%.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.

For Members On or After July 1, 2008: Members become vested when they complete five years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable of r life, members must either:

- 1. Attain age 60 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service, or
- 3. Attain age 55 and complete 10 years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) 1.7% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) 2% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) 2.3% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) 3% of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

For Members on and after January 1, 2022:

Condition for Retirement Attainment of age 57 and 10 years of service or attainment of age 65

And 5 years of service.

Amount of Allowance

Foundational Benefit The annual foundational benefit for members is equal to service times

A multiplier times final average salary.

			Tear	9 01 1	JCI VICC			_
Age	5-9.99		10-19.99		20-29.99		30 or More	
57-60	-	%	1.70	%	1.95	%	2.20	%
61	-	%	1.74	%	1.99	%	2.24	%
62	-	%	1.78	%	2.03	%	2.28	%
63	-	%	1.82	%	2.07	%	2.32	%
64	-	%	1.86	%	2.11	%	2.36	%
65 and over	1.90	%	1.90	%	2.15	%	2.40	%

Vears of Service

The annual foundational benefit is reduced by 6% per year from the Earlier of age 60 on the date the member would have completed 30 Years of service.

Supplemental Benefit

The annual supplemental benefit is equal to the account balance which Includes member and employer contributions and interest credited Annually on June 30. Options include annuitizing the balance or receiving The balance as a lump sum either at the time of retirement or at a later date.

Disability Retirement Allowance

Condition for Allowance

Totally and permanently incapable of being employed as a teacher and Under age 60 but after completing 5 years of service

Amount of Allowance

The disability allowance is equal to the greater of the service retirement Allowance or 60% of the member's final average salary. The disability Allowance is payable over an entitlement period equal to 25% of the service Credited to the member at the date of the disability or 5 years, whichever is Longer. After the disability entitlement period has expired and if the Member remains disabled, he will be retired under service retirement. The Service retirement allowance will be computed with service credit given For the period of disability retirement. The allowance will not be less than \$6,000 per year. The service retirement allowance will not be reduced for Commencement of the allowance before age 60 or the completion of 27 Years of service.

Benefits Payable on Separation

From Service

Any member who ceases to be in service is entitled to receive his Contributions with allowable interest. A member who has completed 5 Years of creditable service and leaves his contributions with the System May be continued in the membership of the System after separation from

Service, and file application for service retirement after the attainment of Age 60.

A separate Life Insurance fund has been created as June 30, 2000 to pay Benefits on behalf of deceased TRS active and retired members.

A surviving spouse of an active member with less than 10 years of service May elect to receive an annual allowance of \$2,880 except that if income From other sources exceeds \$6,600 per year the annual allowance will be \$2,160.

A surviving spouse of an active member with 10 or more years of service May elect to receive an allowance which is the actuarial equivalent of the Allowance the deceased member would have received upon retirement. The allowance will commence on the date the deceased member would have Been eligible for service retirement and will be payable during the life of The spouse.

If the deceased member is survived by unmarried children under age 18 the following schedule of annual allowances applies:

Number of		Annual
Children		Allowance
1	}	2,400
2	}	4,080
3	}	4,800
4 or more	}	5,280

The allowances are payable until a child attains age 18, or age 23 if a Full-time student.

If the member has no eligible survivor, a refund of his accumulated Contributions is payable to his estate.

In lieu of the regular Option 1, a retirement allowance payable in the Form of a life annuity with refundable balance, any member before Retirement may elect to receive a reduced allowance which is actuarially Equivalent to the full allowance, in one of the following forms:

Option 2. A single life annuity payable during the member's lifetime with Payments for 10 years certain.

Option 3. At the death of the member his allowance is continued throughout The life of the beneficiary.

Option 3(a). At the death of the beneficiary designated by the member Under Option 3, the member's benefit will revert to what would have been paid had he not selected an option.

Option 4. At the death of the member one half of his allowance is Continued throughout the life of the beneficiary.

Life Insurance

Death Benefits

Options

Option 4(a). At the death of the beneficiary designated by the member Under Option 4, the member's benefit will revert to what would have been

Paid had he not selected an option.

Post-Retirement Adjustments The retirement allowance of each retired member and of each beneficiary

Shall be increased by 1.5% each July 1.

Member Contributions

Members before 1/1/2022 9.105% of salary to the Retirement System.

Members on and after 1/1/2022 9% of salary to the Retirement System and an additional 2% of salary to the

Supplemental benefit account. Employers also contributes 2%.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Employees are required to contribute 9.105% of their salaries to the system. Members after January 1, 2022 contribute 7.00% of salary to the system. The state, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those who joined thereafter. Contributions for local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to TRS

The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The net pension liability that was associated with the District follows.

State's proportionate share of the TRS net pension

liability associated with the District

\$ 16,737,550

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. The District's proportion was 0.1366%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Prior Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Reporting Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age

Inflation Rate	2.5%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate Prior	7.10%

Single Equivalent Interest Rate at

Measurement Date 7.10% Municipal Bond Index Rate Prior 3.37%

Municipal Bond Index Rate at

Measurement Date 3.66%

Projected Salary Increase 3.0-7.5%, including inflation

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return 7.10

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

A summary of the target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, follows.

	Target		Long-Term Expected Rates	
Asset Class	Allocation		of Return	
Large Cap US Equity	35.4	%	5.0	%
Small Cap Equity	2.6	%	5.5	%
Developed International Equity	15.7	%	5.5	%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.3	%	6.1	%
Fixed Income	15.0	%	1.9	%
High Yield Bonds	5.0	%	3.8	%
Other Additional Categories	5.0	%	3.6	%
Real Estate	7.0	%	3.20	%
Private Equity	7.0	%	8.0	%
Cash	2.0	%	1.6	%
Total	100	%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) rates for all future fiscal years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
Charles and the charles at the con-	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
State's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 21,505,875	\$ 16,737,550	\$ 12,764,705

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publically available at http://www.TRS.ky.gov/.

County Employees Retirement System

Non-Hazardous

Plan description

Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly and overseen by the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA). The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the school board. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided

Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions

Funding for CERS:

Tier I plan is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% of their creditable compensation.

Tier II plan members hired after September 1, 2008 contribute 6.00% of their creditable compensation. Further, 1% of these contributions are deposited to an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits.

Tier III plan members, who began participating on or after January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. That plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Employee contributions to the plan are the same as the Tier II contributions. Tier III member accounts are also credited with an employer pay credit in the amount of 4% of the member's creditable compensation.

For the year ending June 30, 2024, employers were required to contribute 23.34% of the member's salary, 23.34% pension and 0% for insurance. The District contributed \$352,689 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 on an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability, \$3,594,079 was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The District's proportion was 0.056013%.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Pension Expense included in the Schedule of Pension Amounts include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of

resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedule of Pension Amounts does not include deferred outflow/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contribution or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The net pension liability as of June 30, 2024, is based on the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation rolled forward. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are amortized over a closed five-year period.

The District recognized pension expense of \$72,140 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows.

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	186,059	\$	9,766
Changes of assumptions		-		329,400
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		388,262		437,288
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		126,780		129,209
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	352,689		
	_		="	
	\$	1,053,790	\$	905,663

The \$352,689 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following year.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year 1	\$ (55,955)
Year 2	(194,047)
Year 3	80,234
Year 4	 (34,794)
	\$ (204,562)

Actuarial Valuation

KPPA's actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., completed the actuarial valuation for the calculation of the employer contribution rates for CERS and the Insurance Fund for the period ended June 30, 2023.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The results of the actuarial valuation are based upon the assumptions and funding policies adopted by the Board and statutory funding requirements. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the actuarially determined contributions effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Experience Study July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and

the expected actuarial value of assets recognized

Amortization Method Level Percent of Pay

Remaining Amortization Period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019, Gains/losses incurring

After 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year

Amortization bases

Asset Valuation Method Actuarial value of assets is recognized

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience

From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from

MP2014

Mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Phase-In Provision

Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined

rate

In accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Phase-in Provision HB 362 enacted in 2018

Discount rate

A single discount rate of 6.5% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.5%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
share of net pension liability	\$ 4,537,742	\$ 3,594,079	\$ 2,809,860

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below for CERS Pension and Insurance Funds:

Asset Class	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Equity				
Public Equity	50	%	5.9	%
Private Equity	10	%	11.73	%
Fixed Income				
Core Fixed Income	10	%	2.45	%
Specialty Credit	10	%	3.65	%
Cash	0	%	1.39	%
Inflation Protected				
Real Estate	7	%	4.99	%
Real Return	13	%	5.15	%

Expected Real Return is 5.75%. Long Term Inflation Assumption is 2.5%. Expected Nominal Return of Portfolio is 8.25%.

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publicly available at https://kyret.ky.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

There are no payables to CERS.

NOTE F – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The District's employees participate in retirement systems of either TRS or CERS as described earlier. The following describes the other postemployment benefits for both systems.

TRS - General Information about the OPEB Plans

Health Insurance Trust (Medical Insurance Fund)

Plan description

In addition to the retirement annuity plan as described earlier, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Health Insurance Trust is funded by employer and member contributions. Changes made to the medical plans provided through the trust may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Medical coverage through TRS is funded by a combination of contributions from employees, the state and other employers. Coverage is provided through an account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h) and 115 trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contributions required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4) (b).

Benefits provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability and a required amount of service credit. The TRS medical plan offers members who are not eligible for Medicare and under age 65 coverage through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan (KEHP) administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are eligible for Medicare, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan (MEHP) administered by TRS.

Contributions

Contributions are made on behalf of TRS retired members toward payment of health insurance premiums. The amount of the member's contribution is based on a table approved by the TRS board. Retired members pay premiums in excess of the monthly contribution. The Commonwealth of Kentucky bears risk for excess claims expenses that exceed the premium equivalents charged for the KEHP. The member postemployment medical contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment medical contribution is 0.75% of member salaries.

Effective July 1, 2010, retirees under the age of 65 began a three-year phase-in of the Shared Responsibility Contribution. Effective July 1, 2012, the full Shared Responsibility Contribution equals the Standard Medicare Part B premium paid by retirees ages 65 and older.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

The District reported a liability of \$1,257,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (NOL). The collective net OPEB liability was valued as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportion was .051619%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District as follows:

District's proportionate share of TRS net OPEB liability	\$ 1,257,000
State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	 1,060,000
	\$ 2,317,000

The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following.

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	-	\$	426,000
Changes of assumptions		286,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		24,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and				
proportionate				
share of contributions		467,000		570,000
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	96,969	_	
	\$ _	873,969	\$ _	996,000

The \$96,969 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

SEE SCHEDULE NEXT PAGE

	Year Ended June 30,
Year 1	\$ (77,000)
Year 2	(64,000)
Year 3	14,000
Year 4	4,000
Year 5	(44,000)
Thereafter	(52,000)
	\$ (219,000)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Discount Rate	7.10%
Amortization Period	Level percentage of payroll
Amortization Method	21 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Price Inflation	2.5%
Real Wage Growth	2.75%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increase	7.5%, 1 year of service to 3.0%, greater than 17 years of service
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medical	6.75% at June 30, 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5% by
June 30,	
	2034
Medicare Part B	1.55% at June 30, 2023 with an ultimate rate of 4.5% by June 30,
2034	·

Mortality rates were based on the Teachers Mortality Table, and set forward two years for males and multiplied by 102%. Rates for females are set forward 2 years and multiplied by 101%. Disabled male members are set forward 1 year and multiplied by 96%. Rates for female members are set back 2 years and multiplied by 94%.

Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

			Long Term			
	Target		Expected Real Rate			
Asset Class	Allocation		of Return			
Large Cap US Equity	35.4	%	5.0	%		
Small Cap US Equity	2.6	%	5.5	%		
Developed International Equity	15.0	%	5.5	%		
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0	%	6.1	%		
Fixed Income	9.0	%	1.9	%		
High Yield Bonds	8.0	%	3.8	%		
Other Additional Categories	9.0	%	3.7	%		
Real Estate	6.5	%	3.2	%		
Private Equity	8.5	%	8.0	%		
Cash	1.0	%	1.6	%		
Total	100	%				

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the measurement date was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010, were assumed to be paid by either the state or the retirees themselves.
- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 per member per month (PMPM) paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the Health Insurance Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the health trust achieves a sufficient funded status, as determined by TRS's actuary, the following health trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
 - Employee Contributions
 - Employer Contributions
 - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amount in the years if the health trust is projected to achieve a

funded ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

- In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years the following was assumed:
 - Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
 - For the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants, active headcounts were assumed to remain flat for all future years.

Based on these assumptions, the Health Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position (FNP) was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, and what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share		6.10%		7.10%		8.10%
of net OPEB liability	\$	1,617,000	\$	1,257,000	\$	960,000

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability	\$ 905,000	\$ 1,257,000	\$	1,696,000	

Life Insurance Trust

Plan description and benefits provided

TRS administers the Life Insurance Trust as provided by KRS 161.655 to provide life insurance benefits to retired and active members. The benefit is financed by actuarially determined contributions from the 207 participating employers. The benefit is \$5,000 for members who are retired for service or disability, and \$2,000 for active contribution members.

Note: Members employed on a substitute or part-time basis and working at least 69% of a full contract year in a single fiscal year will be eligible for a life insurance benefit for the balance of the fiscal year or the immediately succeeding fiscal year under certain conditions. For non-vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, the life insurance benefit is provided if death occurs as the result of a physical injury on the job. For vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, death does not have to be the result of a physical injury on the job for life insurance benefits to be provided.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Net OPEB Liability

The District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District as follows:

State's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB

liability associated with the District

\$ 26,000

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal Valuation Date June 30, 2022

Discount Rate 7.10%

Amortization Period Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Method 21 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 2.5% Real Wage Growth 2.75% Wage Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increase 7.5%, 1 year of service to 3.0%, greater than 17 years of service

Health Care Cost Trends

Medical 6.75% at June 30, 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5% by

June 30,

2034

Medicare Part B 1.55% at June 30, 2023 with an ultimate rate of 4.5% by June 30, 2034

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the system, which covered the five year period ending June 30, 2015.

The remaining actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation of the health trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019, valuation. The health care cost trend rate assumption was updated for the June 30, 2019, valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the total OPEB liability (TOL) roll forward while the change in initial per capital claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20 year Municipal Bond index pushed weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Target Allocations

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Allocation		Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
US Equity	40.0	%	5.2	%
Developed International Equity	15.0	%	5.5	%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0	%	6.1	%
Fixed Income	21.0	%	1.9	%
Other Additional Categories	5.0	%	4.0	%
Real Estate	7.0	%	3.2	%
Private Equity	5.0	%	8.0	%
Cash	2.0	%	1.6	%
Total	100	%		

As the Life Trust investment policy is to change, the above reflects the pension allocation and returns that achieve the targeted 8.00% long-term rate of return.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (TOL) as of the measurement date was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the life insurance cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The employer will contribute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Insurance Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Insurance Trust's fiduciary net position (FNP) was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

Revenue or Expenses for TRS OPEB plans

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB revenue in the amount of \$135,618 for support provided on-behalf of the State.

CERS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

Employees' Health Plan

Plan description

The Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits. CERS Non-hazardous Insurance Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plan. The plan covers all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the school board. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

Benefits provided

The Plan provides hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits. The Insurance Fund will pay the cost of insurance premium for participating members prior to July 1, 2003 greater than 4 years of service, 25%, greater than 10 years of service, 50%, greater than 15 years of service, 75%, and greater than 20 years of service, 100%. For participating members after July 1, 2003 the benefit paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service the dollar amount per year of service is \$13.99 to be applied to the current cost premium.

Contributions

Requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above. Current employees pay 1% toward the insurance fund.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

The District reported an asset of \$77,333 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability which is .056011%.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and OPEB Expense included in the Schedules of OPEB Amounts include only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. The Schedules of OPEB Amounts do not include deferred outflow/inflows of resources for changes in the employer's proportionate share of contributions or employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability (NOL), and sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$208,069. The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 53,912	\$ 1,098,045
Changes of assumptions	152,185	106,058
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	144,725	162,672
Changes in proportion and differences		
between District contributions and proportionate		
share of contributions	97,117	65,671
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	46,895	
	\$ 494,834	\$ 1,432,446

The \$46,895 (includes \$25,259 Implicit Subsidy) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as

a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the following year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows.

		Year
		Ended
	_	June 30,
Year 1	\$	(239,187)
Year 2		(286,276)
Year 3		(237,021)
Year 4	_	(222,023)
	\$	(984,507)

Implicit Employer Subsidy for non-Medicare retirees- The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 and 75 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy be included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms

None

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions to Determine the Total OPEB Liability and the Net OPEB Liability

For financial reporting, the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, was performed by Gabriel Roeder Smith (GRA). The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information, were based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, using the generally accepted actuarial principles.

The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and
	the expected actuarial value of assets recognized
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay
Amortization Period	30-year closed period at June 30, 2019, Gains/losses incurring
	After 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year
	Amortization bases
Mortality	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience
	From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP2014
	Mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019
Phase-In Provision	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

In accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience

From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014

Mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

Healthcare Trend Rates

Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 6.3% at January 1, 2023, gradually

Decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13

Years. The 2022 premiums were known at the time of the Valuation and were incorporated into the liability measurement.

Post-65 Initial trend starting at 6.3% at January 1, 2023, gradually

Decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 Years. The 2022 premiums were known at the time of the

Valuation and were incorporated into the liability measurement.

Senate Bill 209 passed in the 2022 legislative session increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2003 by \$5 for each year of service each member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023. House Bill 506 adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed and continue to receive their retirement allowance from three months to one month under all circumstances.

Discount rate

Single discount rates of 5.93% were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.5%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.86%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position on future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the plans actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plans trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy.

The following table presents the Net OPEB Liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	4.93%		5.93%	6.93%		
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 145,124	\$	(77,333)	\$ (263,612)		

Health Care Trend Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the health care sensitivity rate of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase
District's proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability	\$ (247,864)	\$	(77,333)	\$	132,150

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE G – COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2024, the District has commitments of \$179,510 for Student Activity Funds and \$528,998 for construction projects.

NOTE H - CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local governmental agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their program.

NOTE I – LITIGATION

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation and has been turned over to the District's insurance companies. At this time, it appears they are to be paid by insurance coverage.

NOTE J – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively rated which include Workers' Compensation insurance.

NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to illegal acts, torts, theft/damage/destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omission, and general liability coverage, the District purchased commercial insurance policies.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Districts Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE L – DEFICIT FUND AND OPERATING BALANCES

The following funds had an operating deficit at the end of the fiscal year causing a reduction in the fund balance/net position.

_		Change in Net Position/	Fund Balance/
<u>Fund</u>		Net Change in Fund Balance	Net Position
Food Service	\$	(161,609)	-

NOTE M - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE N – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

<u>Type</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	Purpose	<u>Amount</u>
Operating	Food Service Fund	General Fund	Indirect Costs	\$ 52,527
Operating	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	KETS	16,296
Operating	School Activity	District Activity	Operations	4,374
Construction	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Construction	1,550,293
Debt Service	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Payments	63,867
Debt Service	Building Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Payments	\$ 329,677

NOTE O – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For fiscal year 2024, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Plan/Description	<u>Amount</u>
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 &75)	\$ 1,091,834
Health Insurance	1,193,388
Life Insurance	1,674
Administrative Fee	13,376
HRA/Dental/Vision	16,800
Federal Reimbursement	(251,213)
Technology	63,446
SFCC Debt Service Payments	98,273
Total	\$ 2,227,578

NOTE P – RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

The following funds had restricted fund balances:

<u>Fund</u>		<u>Amount</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
Food Service	\$	46.031	School Food Service Operations
FSPK	•	159,192	SFCC Requirements
Capital Outlay		123,286	SFCC Requirements
Student Activity		9,797	Student Activity
District Activity		14,563	School Activity
Construction Fund	\$	305,800	Future Construction Projects

NOTE Q – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2024, the date of the audit report.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

CERS and TRS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):		Poorting Fiscal Year Measurement Date) 2024 (2023)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2017 (2016)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2016 (2015)
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability		0.056013%	0.058671%	0.053549%	0.047899%	0.05028%	0.05156%	0.05666%	0.060900%	0.06330%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,594,079 \$	4,241,335 \$	3,414,169 \$	3,673,814 \$	3,535,933 \$	3,140,405 \$	3,316,601 \$	2,998,915 \$	2,723,320
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	_	<u>-</u>								
Total	\$	3,594,079 \$	4,241,335 \$	3,414,169 \$	3,673,814 \$	3,535,933 \$	3,140,405 \$	3,316,601 \$	2,998,915 \$	2,723,320
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,597,622 \$	1,226,920 \$	1,367,174 \$	1,226,918 \$	1,268,290 \$	1,220,155 \$	1,379,582 \$	1,450,859 \$	1,479,836
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		224.96%	345.69%	249.72%	299.43%	278.80%	257.38%	240.41%	206.70%	184.03%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.48%	52.42%	57.33%	47.81%	50.54%	53.54%	53.30%	59.00%	59.97%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):										
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability		0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		16,737,550	17,289,071	12,898,223	13,794,870	13,723,692	12,951,684	28,218,554	33,156,056	28,067,443
Total	\$	16,737,550 \$	17,289,071 \$	12,898,223 \$	13,794,870 \$	13,723,692 \$	12,951,684 \$	28,218,554 \$	33,156,056 \$	28,067,443
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,368,957 \$	3,921,943 \$	3,967,994 \$	3,922,008 \$	4,037,310 \$	4,031,259 \$	4,074,186 \$	4,318,974 \$	4,301,283
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.68%	56.41%	65.59%	58.27%	58.80%	59.30%	39.80%	35.22%	42.29%

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

CERS and TRS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):																		
Contractually required contribution	\$	352,689	\$	408,708	\$	411,961	\$	309,929	\$	281,146	\$	259,461	\$	223,027	\$	237,987	\$	247,516
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		352,689		408,708	_	411,961	_	309,929	_	281,146	_	259,461	_	223,027	_	237,987	_	247,516
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_		_	-	_	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,600,310	\$	1,597,622	\$	1,226,920	\$	1,367,174	\$	1,226,918	\$	1,268,290	\$	1,220,155	\$	1,379,582	\$	1,450,859
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		22.04%		25.58%		33.58%		22.67%		22.91%		20.46%		18.28%		17.25%		17.06%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS):																		
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 9	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		-	_		_	-	_		_		_		_		_			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_	-		-		-	_		_	-	_		_		_	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,259,770	\$	4,368,957	\$	3,921,943	\$	3,967,994	\$	3,922,008	\$	4,037,310	\$	4,031,259	\$	4,074,186	\$	4,318,974
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSION

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Teachers Retirement System (TRS)

Retirement Annuity Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in Schedule D of the 2023 Actuary Report of the TRS.

Changes of assumptions

In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30 on the three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule.

A summary of the actuarial assumptions of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Inflation Rate

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Municipal Bond Index Rate

June 30, 2022

Entry age

2.5%

7.10%

3.66%

Projected Salary Increase 3.0-7.5%, including inflation

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSION

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Investment Rate of Return 7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation.

County Employee Retirement System (CERS)

Non-Hazardous

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Based on the actuarial valuation report, the actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the contribution rates are as follows.

Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and

the expected actuarial value of assets recognized

Amortization Method Level Percent of Pay

Amortization Period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019, Gains/losses incurring

After 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year

Amortization bases

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience

From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP2014

Mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

In accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Year ended June 30, 2024

MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)		Year (Measurement Date) 2024 (2023)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018) 0.05159%	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1,257,000 \$	1,826,000 \$	1,139,000 \$	1,329,000 \$	1,585,000 \$	1,790,000 \$	1,987,000
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	_	1,060,000	600,000	925,000	1,065,000	1,280,000	1,542,000	1,623,000
Total	\$	2,317,000 \$	2,426,000 \$	2,064,000 \$	2,394,000 \$	2,865,000 \$	3,332,000 \$	3,610,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,368,957 \$	3,921,943 \$	3,967,994 \$	3,922,008 \$	4,037,310 \$	4,031,259 \$	4,074,186
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		28.77%	46.56%	28.70%	33.89%	39.26%	44.40%	48.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		52.97%	47.75%	39.05%	37.10%	32.60%	25.50%	21.20%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)		0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	0.00000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	_	26,000	30,000	12,000	32,000	30,000	26,000	22,000
Total	\$	26,000 \$	30,000 \$	12,000 \$	32,000 \$	30,000 \$	26,000 \$	22,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,368,957 \$	3,921,943 \$	3,967,994 \$	3,922,008 \$	4,037,310 \$	4,031,259 \$	4,074,186
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		76.91%	73.97%	71.57%	71.60%	73.40%	75.00%	80.00%

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June	30,	2024	
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MEDICAL INCUDANCE DI AN	_	2024	_	2023	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	96,969	\$	93,351	\$	97,587	\$	94,206	\$	93,022	\$	94,307	\$	91,787
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	96,969	_	93,351	_	97,587	_	94,206	_	93,022	_	94,307	_	91,787
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_		_	-	_		_	-		-	_	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,259,770	\$	4,368,957	\$	3,921,943	\$	3,967,994	\$	3,922,008	\$	4,037,310	\$	4,031,259
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		2.28%		2.14%		2.49%		2.37%		2.37%		2.34%		2.28%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_		_	-	_		_	-	. =	-	_	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,259,770	\$	4,368,957	\$	3,921,943	\$	3,967,994	\$	3,922,008	\$	4,037,310	\$	4,031,259
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM Year ended June 30, 2024

HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN	-	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2024 (2023)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)		0.056011%	0.058661%	0.053537%	0.047885%	0.05027%	0.05156%	0.05666%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(77,333) \$	1,157,683 \$	1,024,939 \$	1,156,277 \$	845,451 \$	915,473 \$	1,139,100
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	=				<u> </u>			
Total	\$	(77,333) \$	1,157,683 \$	1,024,939	1,156,277 \$	845,451 \$	915,473 \$	1,139,100
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,597,622 \$	1,226,920 \$	1,367,174 \$	1,226,918 \$	1,268,290 \$	1,220,155 \$	1,379,582
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-4.84%	94.36%	74.97%	94.24%	66.66%	75.03%	82.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		104.23%	60.95%	62.91%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	13.00%

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Year ended June 30, 2024

		2024		2023		2022	_	2021		2020		2019	_	2018
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN Contractually required contribution	\$	46,895	\$	66,811	\$	58,997	\$	47,390	\$	32,204	\$	27,736	\$	24,921
Contributions in relation to the contractually		46,895	_	66,811	_	58,997	_	47,390	_	32,204	_	27,736	_	24,921
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	-	_	-	_	-	=	-	_	-		-	_	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,600,310	\$	1,597,622	\$	1,226,920	\$	1,367,174	\$	1,226,918	\$	1,268,290	\$	1,220,155
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		2.93%		4.18%		4.81%		3.47%		2.62%		2.19%		2.04%

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

Year ended June 30, 2024

Teachers Retirement System (TRS)

Health Insurance Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in the 2023 Actuary Report of the TRS.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of June 30, 2019. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal Valuation Date June 30, 2022

Discount Rate 7.10%

Amortization Period Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Method 21 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 2.5% Real Wage Growth 2.75% Wage Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increase 7.5%, 1 year of service to 3.0%, greater than 17 years of service

Health Care Cost Trends

Medical 6.75% at June 30, 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5% by June 30,

2034

Medicare Part B 1.55% at June 30, 2023 with an ultimate rate of 4.5% by June 30, 2034

Life Insurance Trust

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022. A description of the benefit provisions applicable to these members can be found in the 2023 Actuary Report of the TRS.

Changes of Assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal Valuation Date June 30, 2022

Discount Rate 7.10%

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

Year ended June 30, 2024

Amortization Period Level percentage of payroll

Amortization Method 21 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 2.5% Real Wage Growth 2.75% Wage Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increase 7.5%, 1 year of service to 3.0%, greater than 17 years of service

Health Care Cost Trends

Medical 6.75% at June 30, 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5% by June 30,

2034

Medicare Part B 1.55% at June 30, 2023 with an ultimate rate of 4.5% by June 30, 2034

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE REOUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

Year ended June 30, 2024

County Employee Retirement System (CERS)

Non-Hazardous

Changes of Benefit Terms

None

Changes of assumptions

None.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Based on the actuarial valuation report, the actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the contribution rates are as follows.

Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and

the expected actuarial value of assets recognized

Amortization Method Level Percent of Pay

Amortization Period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2019, Gains/losses incurring

After 2019 will be amortized over separate closed 20-year

Amortization bases

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience

From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP2014

Mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

In accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018

Inflation 2.30% Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25%

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience

From 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014

Mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

Healthcare Trend Rates

Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 6.3% at January 1, 2023, gradually

Decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 Years. The 2022 premiums were known at the time of the Valuation and were incorporated into the liability measurement.

Post-65 Initial trend starting at 6.3% at January 1, 2023, gradually

Decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13

Years. The 2022 premiums were known at the time of the Valuation and were incorporated into the liability measurement.

Lee County School District Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024 Other Governmental Funds

	_	Special Revenue Student Activity		FSPK Fund		Capital Outlay		Special Revenue District Activity	. <u>-</u>	Total
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivable	\$ _	189,018 289	\$	159,192	\$	123,286	\$	14,563	\$	486,059 289
Total assets	=	189,307	: :	159,192	:	123,286	ŧ	14,563	: =	486,348
Fund Balance Restricted Committed	_	9,797 179,510		159,192		123,286		14,563		306,838 179,510
Total fund balance	\$ _	189,307	\$	159,192	\$	123,286	\$	14,563	\$	486,348

Lee County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2024

Other Governmental Funds

		Special Revenue Student Activity		FSPK Fund	Capital Outlay	Special Revenue District Activity			Total
Revenues	_		•				•		
Earnings on investments	\$	4,440	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	ò	4,440
Property taxes				186,803					186,803
Student activities		257,674							257,674
Other local revenue		14,483							14,483
Intergovernmental - state	-	_		226,723	81,403				308,126
Total revenues	_	276,597	•	413,526	81,403			_	771,526
Expenditures									
Instruction		246,551				844			247,395
Support services									
Instructional staff		13,589							13,589
Student Transportation		2,285							2,285
Plant operation & maintenance	-	_				140			140
Total expenditures	-	262,425				984		_	263,409
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	=	14,172		413,526	81,403	(984)			508,117
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in						4,374			4,374
Transfers (out)	-	(4,374)		(329,677)					(334,051)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(4,374)		(329,677)		4,374			(329,677)
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures									
and Other Financing Uses		9,798		83,849	81,403	3,390			178,440
Fund Balance-Beginning	-	179,509	•	75,343	41,883	11,173		_	307,908
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	189,307	\$	159,192	\$ 123,286	\$ 14,563	\$	\$ <u></u>	486,348

Lee County School District

Combining Balance Sheet - School Activity Funds

June 30, 2024

	_	!	SCF	HOOL ACTIVITY FU	JND	<u>S</u>
	_	LEE COUNTY MIDDLE/HIGH SCHOOL		LEE COUNTY ELEMENTARY		TOTAL
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	165,077	\$	24,230	\$	189,307
Total assets	=	165,077	: :	24,230	=	189,307
FUND BALANCE						
School activities	_	165,077		24,230	_	189,307
Total liabilities & fund balances	\$_	165,077	\$	24,230	\$	189,307

Lee County School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes In Fund Balance School Activity Funds

Year ended June 30, 2024

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	_			
	_	LEE COUNTY MIDDLE/HIGH SCHOOL	LEE COUNTY ELEMENTARY	TOTAL
REVENUES				
Student/trust revenues	\$	211,143	\$ 65,465	\$ 276,608
EXPENSES Student/trust activities		197,998	68,812	266,810
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenses		13,145	(3,347)	9,798
Fund Balance, beginning	_	151,932	27,577	179,509
Fund Balance, ending	\$ _	165,077	\$ 24,230	\$189,307

Lee County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance - Lee County High School Year ended June 30, 2024

	FUND BALANCE BEGINNING		REVENUES	. <u></u>	EXPENSES		TRANSFERS		FUND BALANCE ENDING
OFFICE	¢ 5.205	¢.	515	¢	286	\$		œ	5,614
LOCKERS	\$ 5,385 65	Ф	1,445	Ф	200	Ф	- ,	\$	1,510
START UP	-		500		500				1,510
NOW INTEREST	1,680		3,791		300				- 5,471
STUDENT PARKING	247		95		225				117
FMD BOBCAT BISTRO	373		561		676				258
COMPUTER SCIENCE	5,960		301		070				5,960
STUDENT VENDING	4,667		4,444		3,281				5,830
FACULTY VENDING	448		944		810				582
TEACHER CONTRIBUTION	75		520		144				451
STUDENT RESOURCE	1,354		552		398				1,508
ACADEMICS	130		40		000				170
BETA CLUB	2,201		32		351				1,882
FFA	7,153		11,954		17,478		(925)		704
BASS FISHING TEAM	1,369		1,691		1,165		(020)		1,895
STUDENT COUNCIL	435		1,001		1,100				435
CLASS OF 2020	7,180						(5,000)		2,180
ART	6						(0,000)		2,.33
BAND	7,826		39,384		38,342				8,868
BAND HONOR SOCIETY	20		33,33		00,012				20
CLASS OF 2025	2,199		5,759		2,028				5,930
PROM	6,459		2,750		2,359				6,850
YEARBOOK	5,677		1,920		6,809				788
ATHLETIC	2,023		42,923		40,250		587		5,283
BOYS BASKETBALL	6,897		3,492		4,226		007		6,163
GIRLS BASKETBALL	635		3,077		3,446		(247)		19
SOFTBALL	3,061		1,386		2,011		(247)		2,436
VOLLEYBALL	4,074		3,210		1,533				5,751
TENNIS	835		607		682				760
CROSS COUNTRY	1,182		2,177		1,688				1,671
TRACK & FIELD	107		1,488		1,358				237
CHEERLEADER	400		3,124		3,511				13
AV/LIBRARY	740		58		5,5				798
CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	11,179								11,179
BASEBALL BOOSTERS	10,231		6,214		194				16,251
ARCHERY	6,302		7,195		2,020				11,477
CLASS OF 2026	4,748		10,119		7,106				7,761
CAT SCRATCH EMBROIDERY	551		,		.,				551
E COMMERCE	-						585		585
PRIDE CLUB	120								120
CLASS OF 2024	7,563		18,041		35,067		11,326		1,863
BOWLING	400		1,000		1,320		,		80
CLASS OF 2023	6,326		,		,-		(6,326)		0
PROJECT PROM	1,896		2,824		2,000		(-//		2,720
MIDDLE GRADE STUDENTS	5,688		,		,				5,688
EIGHTH GRADE ACTIVIITES	743		5,377		4,370				1,750
MIDDLE GRADE ACADEMICS	100		24		50				74
MIDDLE GRADE BETA CLUB	4,420		4,137		2,065				6,492
MIDDLE GRADE STUD C	417		, -		,				417
MIDDLE GRADE DRAMA	844								844
MIDDLE GRADE YEARBOOK	287		1,002		677				612
MIDDLE GRADE LIBRARY	981		,						981
MS VOLLEYBALL	1,898		3,818		1,661				4,055
MIDDLE GRADE GIRLS B	80		100		,				180
MIDDLE GRADE BOYS B	519		4,667		459				4,727
MIDDLE GRADE SOFTBALL	133		3,369		1,008				2,494
MIDDLE GRADE CHEER	505		3,764		4,184				85
MIDDLE GRADE ARCHERY	1,352		500		762				1,090
MIDDLE GRADE BASEBALL	3,675		883		1,828				2,730
MIDDLE GRADE SUPPORT	111				,	_			111
TOTALS	\$ 151,932	\$	211,473	\$	198,328	\$	<u> </u>	\$	165,077

LEE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/ Assistance Pass-Through Passed Program Pass-Through Grantor/ Through to Listing Grantor's or Award Program Title Number Number Subrecipients Amount Expenditures Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program 10.553 7760005-23 52 708 Fiscal Year 23 \$ \$ N/A \$ Fiscal Year 24 7760005-24 N/A 141,245 **National School Lunch Program** 10.555 96.920 Fiscal Year 23 7750002-23 N/A Fiscal Year 24 7750002-24 N/A 362,254 Fiscal Year 23 9980000-23 N/A 31,607 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 7740023-23 N/A 15,122 Fiscal Year 23 Fiscal Year 24 7740023-24 N/A 1.395 7690024-23 N/A Fiscal Year 23 1,561 Fiscal Year 24 7690024-24 N/A 143 10.582 Fresh Fruits & Vegetables 7720012-24 N/A Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal 727,298 State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition 10.560 7700001-23 N/A 2,245 Fiscal Year 23 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture: Food Donation-Commodities 10 565 Fiscal Year 24 510.4950 N/A 25,087 Total US Department of Agriculture 754,630 Passed Through State Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010A Fiscal Year 21 3100002 20 7.327 352 Fiscal Year 23 770,090 3100002 22 331,984 Fiscal Year 24 3100002 23 798,904 321.640 653,976 Special Education Grants to States 84.027A 3810002 22 194,414 273,419 Fiscal Year 23 3810002 23 301,083 73,079 COVID-19- IDFA B ARP 84 027X FY22 ARP Emergency Relief Fund- IDEA 4910002 21 29,411 52,029 Special Education-Preschool Grants 84.173A 3800002-21 Fiscal Year 22 25 028 36 Fiscal Year 23 3800002-22 25,510 13,062 3800002-23 25,854 15,537 COVID-19- IDEA Preschool ARP 7,217 FY22 ARP Emergency Relief Fund- IDEA Preschool 84.173X 4900002 21 3.521 Special Education Cluster Subtotal 329,060 **Vocation Education-Basic Grants to States** 84.048 3710002 22 8 976 7 863 Fiscal Year 23 Fiscal Year 24 3710002 23 10,706 18,075 Office of Innovation and Improvement 84.215J Full Service Community Schools 518KJ N/A 139,004 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367A 3230002-22 Fiscal Year 23 73.120 25.996 Fiscal Year 24 3230002-23 80,194 70,799 Title IV Part A 84.424A Fiscal Year 21 3420002-20 56,660 12,485 Fiscal Year 22 3420002-21 51.420 13.601 3420002-22 39,679 4,772 Fiscal Year 24 3420002-23 12.500 519 31,377 COVID-19- ESSER 84.425D Fiscal Year 21 ESSER II 4200002-21 2,453,734 202,618 CARES Act Stabilization Funds-COVID-19 84.425C 564GF Fiscal Year 21 GEER II 34.309 34.309 COVID-19- ARP ESSER 84.425U FY21 ARP ESSER Funds 4300002 21 5 289 872 2,620,069 Educational Cooperative ARP ESSER Deeper Learning 4300005-21 N/A 26,389 Education Stabilization Fund Subtotal 2,883,385 Rural Education, Title V 84.358B 3140002-22 Fiscal Year 23 Fiscal Year 24 23.952 9.391 3140002-23 9,674 19,065 Passed through Berea College Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs 84.334A P334A180018A 18 N/A 17,148 Fiscal Year 23 P334A180018A 18 N/A 142,505 159,653 Total US Department of Education 4,304,394 Total Expenditure of Federal Awards 5,059,024

* Major Programs

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Lee County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Lee County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District received food commodities totaling \$25,087.

NOTE D – INDIRECT COST RATE

The Lee County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Lee County School District Beattyville, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit /Contract and requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lee County School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an

opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated November 15, 2024.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Lee County School District Beattyville, Kentucky

And the State Committee for School District Audits

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lee County School District's, (District), compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to
 test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2024

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS & OUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2024

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

What type of report was issued for the financial statements?

Unmodified

Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed?

None Reported

If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?

Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)?

Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed

for major programs?

Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed

that were not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs?

Unmodified

Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that

Is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance?

Major Programs Educational Stabilization Fund [ALN 84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U, & 84.425W]

Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs \$750,000

Low risk auditee?

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings at the financial statement level.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.

LEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

There were no prior year findings.



MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS

Lee County School District Beattyville, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Lee County School District for the year ended June 30, 2024, we considered the District's internal controls in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

We previously reported on the District's internal control in our report dated November 15, 2024. This letter does not affect our report dated November 15, 2024, on the financial statements of the Lee County School District.

During the audit process we communicated orally to district responsible persons conditions that we think will improve the effectiveness of internal controls. We have documented those communications in our work papers for future reference. Those items we do not believe rise to the nature to be written and have a management response. If improvements are not made in successive audits the communication will be written.

Ray Shuler, Superintendent is the person responsible for initiation of any corrective action plan communicated written, or orally. We would like to thank the Finance Officer, Tina Lucas, and her department for their support and assistance during our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and others within the district and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

White & Associates, PSC

White & Associates, PSC Richmond, Kentucky November 15, 2024